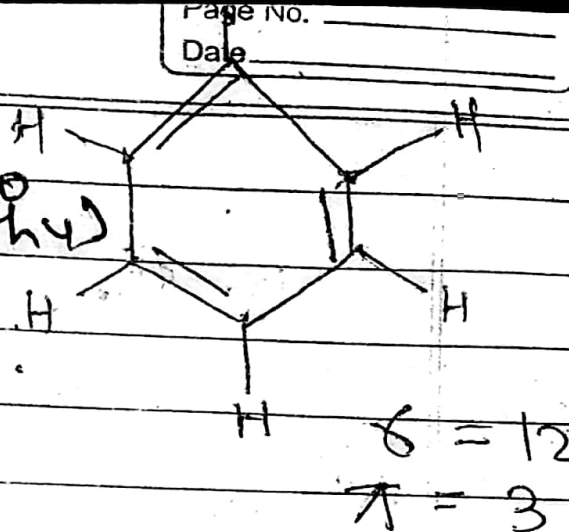


* Benzene :-

Dr. M. H. Khan 21-5-20
sub-chemistry
class-D2(S), Group-C.
topic $\rightarrow$ Benzene,



— It is an aromatic compd. because cyclic in nature obey Huckel's rule and sp^2 hybridisation (co-planar)

— It show mainly electrophilic addition reaction due to presence of weak π -bond but it can show nucleophilic addition rxn less than electrophilic substitution rxn.

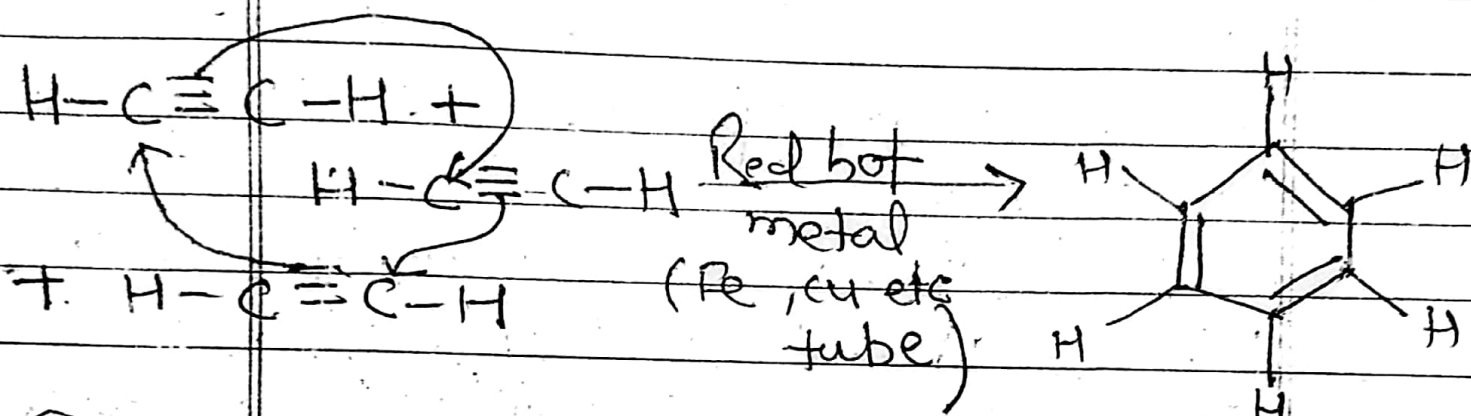
— It show resonance hence acidic in nature. Having more K_a value, P_{K_b} value, K_c value, K_b value, P_{OH} value, K value, but having $\downarrow$ basic nature, K_b value, P_{K_a} value, P_H value.

* Synthesis/Preparation of Benzene

i) From alkyne :-

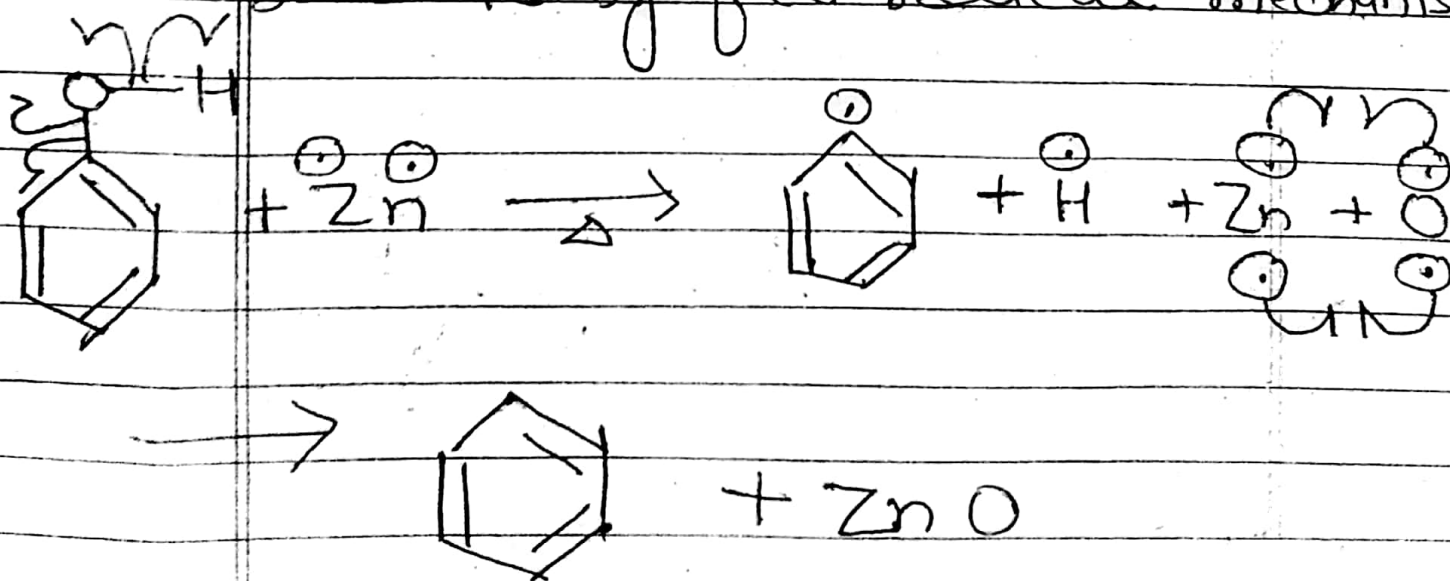
When 2 molecules of acetylene gas is passing through red hot metal tube at high temp. then form benzene

Mech:- $\text{H}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{H}$



ii) By reductⁿ of Phenol

When Phenol react with Zn metal then undergoes reductⁿ to form benzene by free radical mechanism.



* Rekⁿ of Benzene

i) With HNO_3 (Nitration, additⁿ of NO_2 group / Nitro group)

- When benzene react with conc. HNO_3 in presence of conc. H_2SO_4 then form Nitro benzene. Here NO_2^+ act as electrophile.

- Here H_2SO_4 acts as acid (donate H^+), base (snatch H^+ ion) and catalyst (remain intact in shape, size, structure and reactivity after reactⁿ)

Mech:-

